

DYE FOR SELECTIVE STAINING OF THE ILM

BRILLIANT PEEL®





G-81010 BRILLIANT PEEL® SYRINGE syringe 0.5 ml, 5 pcs. per box, sterile

G-81005 BRILLIANT PEEL® VIAL

vial 0.5 ml, 5 pcs. per box, sterile

More information: www.fluoron.de



Comparison of the dyes Brilliant Blue G (BBG), Indocyanine Green (ICG) and Trypan Blue (TB) for chromovitrectomy

	BBG	ICG	ТВ
Chemical group	Triphenylmethane	Cyanine	Diazo
Color	blue	dark green	dark blue
Ready-to-use	yes	no	yes
Toxicity ^{1, 3,10}	no	yes	slightly
Registration	yes	no	yes
Affinity to ILM ⁴ Affinity to ERM	high	high	low
	low	low	high
Selective Staining of ILM ⁴ Exposure time Fluid/gas exchange required	strong	strong	low
	short	short	long
	no	no	yes

Composition and Properties of BRILLIANT PEEL®

Composition in one 0.5 syringe/vial

0.125 mg - Brilliant Blue G $0.065 \text{ ml} - D_2 0$

0.95 mg - Na₂HPO₄ x 2 H₂O 0.15 mg - NaH₂PO₄ x 2 H₂O

4.1 mg - NaCl

ad 0.5 ml water for injection purposes

Concentration: 0.25 g/l

pH-value: 7.52

Osmolality: 306 mOsm/kg H₂O Maximum absorption: 584.0 nm Density: 1.017 - 1.019 g/cm³

Cytotoxicity in accordance with DIN EN ISO 10993 and ILM-staining ability¹⁰

Dye	Significant cytotoxic effect	ILM- Staining	
Brilliant Blue G > 0.3 g / L strong Cytotoxic effect: causes cell grow inhibition			
Indocyanine Green Cytotoxic effect: causes apopto	> 0.24 g / L osis	strong	
Trypan Blue	> 0.13 g / L	low	

LITERATURE 1 Lüke C, et al.: Retinal tolerance to dyes, Br J Ophthalmol, 2005, 89, 1188-1191 2 Haritoglou C, et al.: Färbetechniken in der Makulachirurgie, Ophthalmologe, 2006, 103, 927-934 3 Ueno A, et al.: Biocompatibility of Brilliant Blue G in a rat model of subretinal injection, Retina, 2007, 27, 499-504 4 Enaida H, et al.: Brilliant Blue G selectively stains the internal limiting membrane – Brilliant Blue G assisted membrane peeling, Retina, 2006, 26, 631 – 636 5 Enaida H, et al.: Preclinical investigation of internal limiting membrane staining and peeling using intravitreal Brilliant Blue G, Retina, 2006, 26, 623-630 6 Hisatomi T, et al.: Staining ability and biocompatibility of Brilliant Blue G – preclinical study of Brilliant Blue G as an adjunct for capsular staining, Arch Ophthalmol, 2006, 124, 514-519 7 Goldman JM, et al.: Adjunct devices for managing challenging cases in cataract surgery – capsular staining and ophthalmic viscosurgical devices, Curr Opin Ophthalmol, 2007, 18, 52-57 8 Meyer CH, et al.: Historical considerations in applying vital dyes in vitreoretinal surgery: from early experiments to advanced chromovitrectomy, Expert Rev. Ophthalmol., 2007, 71-77 9 Rodrigues EB, et al.: Vital dyes for chromovitrectomy, Curr Opin Ophthalmol, 2007, 18, 179-187 10 Hiebl W, et al.: Substances for staining biological tissues: use of dyes in ophthalmology, Klin Monatsbl Augenh, 2005, 222, 309-311 11 Kawahara S, el al.: Intracellular events in retinal glial cells exposed to ICG and BBG, IOVS, 2007, Vol. 48, No. 10





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IQ Medical Pty Ltd

2/86 Mary Street, Unley SA 5061

Phone (08) 8357 8022

Email sales@iqmedical.com.au

Web www.iqmedical.com.au